CLAIMS:

- A remote intelligent communication device comprising:
- a card-thin housing including:
 - an upper surface;
 - a lower surface; and
- at least one side extending between the upper surface and the lower surface forming the card-thin housing, the side having visibly perceptible information thereon; and

communication circuitry within the housing configured to at least one of communicate and receive electronic signals.

- 2. The remote intelligent communication device according to claim 1 wherein the housing comprises a substrate and an encapsulant.
- 3. The remote intelligent communication device according to claim 2 wherein the substrate comprises the upper surface and the encapsulant comprises the lower surface.
- 4. The remote intelligent communication device according to claim 1 wherein the card-thin housing has a thickness less than about -100 mils.

5. The remote intelligent communication device according to
claim 1 further comprising a processor within the card-thin housing and
coupled with the communication circuitry. A radio frequency identification device comprising:
a housing including:
an upper surface;
a lower surface; and
at least one side intermediate the upper surface and the
lower surface, the side having visibly perceptible information thereon;
and
communication circuitry within the housing and the communication
circuitry being configured to at least one of communicate and receive electronic signals.
7. The radio frequency identification device according to
claim 6 wherein the visibly perceptible information comprises
identification indicia of the radio frequency identification device.
8. The radio frequency identification device according to
claim 6 wherein the visibly perceptible information is less than about

	9.	The	radio	frequency	identification	device	according	to
claim	6	wherein	the	communicat	ion circuitry	comprise	s transpon	der
circui	try.	\						
	10.	The	radio	frequency	identification	device	according	to
claim	6	wherein	the h	ousing comp	rises a substra	te and a	n encapsula	ant.

- 11. The radio frequency identification device according to claim 10 wherein the visibly perceptible information is provided on the encapsulant.
- 12. The radio frequency identification device according to claim 6 further comprising a power source within the housing and coupled with the communication circuitry.

13. A card comprising:

an upper surface;

a lower surface;

at least one side intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and having a thickness less than about 100 mils; and identification indicia on the side.

14. The card according to claim 13 wherein the identification indicia is less than about 50 mils in height.

,	15. The card according to claim 13 wherein
2	indicia identifies the card.
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4	16. The card according to claim 13 wherein
5	indicia comprises at least one of a manufacturing date
6	a lot number.
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8	17. The card according to claim 13 wherein
9	thickness less than about 100 mils.
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11	18. The card according to claim 13 further c
12	transponder circuitry intermediate the upper an
13	and
14	a processor intermediate the upper and lov
15	coupled with the transponder eircuitry.
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a lot number. 17. The card according to claim 13 wherein the card has a thickness less than about 100 mils. 18. The card according to claim 13 further comprising: transponder circuitry intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and coupled with the transponder circuitry.
17. The card according to claim 13 wherein the card has a thickness less than about 100 mils. 18. The card according to claim 13 further comprising: transponder circuitry intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
thickness less than about 100 mils. 18. The card according to claim 13 further comprising: transponder circuitry intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
18. The card according to claim 13 further comprising: transponder circuitry intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
transponder circuitry intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
a processor intermediate the upper and lower surfaces and
coupled with the transponder circuitry.

the identification

1	10. A communication device comprising:
2	a substrate having a support surface;
3	an antenna on the support surface;
4	transponder circuitry coupled with the antenna;
5	a battery in electrical connection with the transponder circuitry;
6	a cured resin upon the support surface, the antenna, the
7	transponder circuitry and the battery, the cured resin and substrate
8	forming a housing having an upper surface and a lower surface
9	interconnected by side surfaces, and
10	identification indica on at least one of the side surfaces of the
11	housing.
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13	20. The communication device according to claim 19 wherein the
14	housing has a thickness less than about 100 mils.
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16	21. The communication device according to claim 19 wherein the
7	identification indicia is provided on the resin.
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9	22. The communication device according to claim 19 further
20	comprising a processor within the housing and coupled with the
21	transponder circuitry.
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2/3.	Amethod	of formi	ng a ca	rd comprising
provid	ling subs	trate hav	ing:	

an upper surface;

- a lower surface, and the upper and lower surfaces individually having a length and a width; and
- a plurality of sides individually having a thickness less than the lengths and the widths of the surfaces; and

encoding visibly perceptible information on at least one of the sides.

- 24. The method of forming a card according to claim 23 wherein the thickness of the card is less than about 100 mils.
- 25. The method of forming a card according to claim 23 wherein the visibly perceptible information comprises identification indicia.
- 26. The method of forming a card according to claim 23 further -comprising incorporating transponder circuitry with the substrate.

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27. A knethod of forming a card comprising:

providing a card including an upper surface, a lower surface and a plurality of sides;

providing a print head;

moving at least one of the card and the print head relative to the other of the card and print head; and

using the print head, encoding visibly perceptible information on at least one side of the card.

- 28. The method of forming a card according to claim 27 wherein the encoding is provided during the moving.
- 29. The method of forming a card according to claim 27 wherein the visibly perceptible information comprises identification indicia.
- 30. The method of forming a card according to claim 27 further comprising forming transponder circuitry within the card prior to the encoding.

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A method of forming a communication device comprising: providing a first substrate; providing an antenna supported by the first substrate;

coupling communication circuitry with the antenna on the first substrate:

applying and curing an encapsulant over the first substrate to form a composite substrate including the first substrate and the encapsulant, the composite substrate having upper and lower surfaces and at least one side surface extending therebetween; and

encoding visibly perceptible information on the side surface.

- 32. The method of forming a communication device according to claim 31 wherein the encoding comprises encoding the visibly perceptible information on the encapsulant.
- 33. The method of forming a communication device according to claim 31 wherein the visibly perceptible information comprises -identification indicia.

34. A method of forming a remote intelligent communication device comprising:

providing a substrate;

forming communication circuitry upon the substrate and configured to at least one of communicate and receive electronic signals;

encapsulating the communication circuitry thereby forming a cardthin housing with the substrate, the housing including an upper surface, a lower surface, and at least one side extending between the upper and lower surfaces; and

encoding visibly perceptible information on the side of the cardthin housing.

- 35. The method of forming a remote intelligent communication device according to claim 34 wherein the communication circuitry comprises a power source.
- 36. The method of forming a remote intelligent communication device according to claim 34 wherein the card-thin housing has a thickness less than 100 mils.
- 37. The method of forming a remote intelligent communication device according to claim 34 wherein the visibly perceptible information comprises identification indicia.

38. The method of forming a remote is
device according to claim 37 wherein the
comprises transponder circuitry configured to go
signal corresponding to the identification indicia
39. A method of forming a communica
providing a substrate
supporting an antenna on the substrate;
coupling transponder circuitry with the an
mounting a battery to the substrate in e
the transponder circuitry;
encapsulating the antenna, the transpond
and at least a portion of the substrate with a
curing the flowable encapsulant on the
housing having an upper surface and lower s
side surfaces defining a housing thickness; and
encoding identification indica on at least
of the housing.
40. The method of forming a commun
to claim 39 wherein the encoding comprises en
indicia on the encapsulant.
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ntelligent communication communication circuitry enerate an identification

tion device comprising: ntenna;

lectrical connection with

ler circuitry, the battery flowable encapsulant;

substrate into a solid urface interconnected by

one of the side surfaces

nication device according ncoding the identification

41. The method of forming a communication device according
to claim 39 wherein the identification indicia identifies the
communication device.
42. A method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a
communication device comprising:
providing a card housing communication circuitry therein, the card
having upper and lower surfaces interconnected by side surfaces;
providing a print head;
supporting the card on one of the side surfaces;
moving the print head adjacent another side surface of the card;
encoding identification indicia on the another side surface of the
card with the moving print head.
43. The method of encoding visibly perceptible information on
a communication device according to claim 42 further comprising:
providing a plurality of said cards in a stack; and
printing on the card sides while the plurality of cards is in the
stack.

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44.	The	method	of encod	ing visibly	perceptible	information comprising: nged orientat	on
a commu	inication	device	according	to claim	42 further	comprising:	
pro	viding	a plurali	ty of said	d cards in	a pre-arran	iged orientat	ion;
and		\					
sele	ecting o	ne of th	e cards	prior to th	ne supportin	g.	

- 45. The method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a communication device according to claim 42 wherein the card has a thickness less than about 100 mils.
- 46. A method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a communication device comprising:

providing a card housing communication circuitry therein, the card having upper and lower surfaces interconnected by side surfaces;

providing a print head;

moving the card relative to the print head; and encoding identification indicia on at least one of the side surfaces with the print head while moving the card relative to the print head.

47. The method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a communication device according to claim 46 wherein the moving comprises passing the card by the print head intermediate a pair of driving processing rollers.

- 48. The method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a communication device according to claim 46 wherein the card has a thickness less than about 100 mils.
- 49. The method of encoding visibly perceptible information on a communication device according to claim 46 wherein the print head remains stationary relative to the moving card during printing.

